

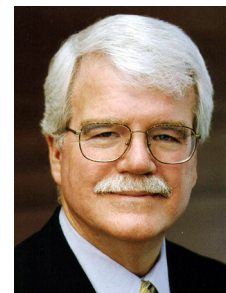
**George Miller**

**Influence Index: 77**

**Date of Birth** May 15, 1945

**Education** B.A. San Francisco State University, 1968; J.D. University of California, Davis, 1972

**Current Position** United States Representative (D-California, 7th Congressional District)



**Career Highlights**

- ❑ U.S. House of Representatives, 1975-present
- ❑ At Large Whip, U.S. House of Representatives, 1975-present
- ❑ Senior Democrat, House Education and the Workforce Committee, 2001-present
- ❑ Chairman, Democratic Policy Committee, 2003-present
- ❑ Senior Democrat, House Resources Committee, 1995-2000
- ❑ Chairman, Natural Resources Committee, 1991-1994
- ❑ Founding Chairman, House Select Committee on Children, Youth and Families, 1983-1991
- ❑ Attorney, California Senate Majority Leader, 1972-1974
- ❑ Legislative Aide, California Senate Majority Leader, 1969-1974

**Accomplishments**

- ❑ One of four congressional authors of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001
- ❑ Introduced the College Opportunity for All Act of 2005
- ❑ Introduced the Teacher Excellence for All Children Act of 2000
- ❑ Founding Member, Congressional Progressive Caucus

**Biographical Sketch**

Congressman George Miller has represented the 7th District of California in San Francisco's East Bay since 1975. Miller was the founding chairman of the House Select Committee on Children, Youth and Families from 1983 through 1991, where he initiated congressional efforts to stop President Ronald Reagan's budget cuts to services for poor children and their families.

Miller was elected in January 2001 by his colleagues to serve as the senior Democrat on the House Education and the Workforce Committee, a committee on which he has served since he first came to Congress. He has been re-elected to that post by his colleagues every two years since 2001. Miller was one of the authors and leading sponsors of the No Child Left Behind bill in the House.

**George Miller on No Child Left Behind**

*"At its core, No Child Left Behind is a civil rights law. By holding schools accountable for the education of all children, the law seeks to close the academic achievement gap between white students and minority students. That achievement gap – which is really an opportunity gap – has stubbornly persisted for generations."*

From: House Education and the Workforce Committee hearing, July 27, 2006

**Notes**

Information collected from George Miller's House website at [www.house.gov/georgemiller](http://www.house.gov/georgemiller).